bers to Prove It.

The New York City Federation of

Women's Clubs, representing a club mem-

bership of 7,800 women, spent the day a

the Hotel Astor yesterday discussing the

sex of angels. Mills hotels for women and

proper beatitudes for club women. Inci-

dentally the federation was in best bib and

tucker and ate a two dollar a head luncheon

in the big banquet hall. There were 250

Mrs. Clarence Burns, president of the

Woman's Republican Club, began the morn-

ing session with a plea for Mills hotels for

women in New York. Mrs. Burns thought

the federation should undertake, or at

least start, the movement toward such an

enterprise. The federation thought so, too,

and appointed a committee, made up of

Mrs. John S. Crosby, Mrs. George H. Wink-

ler and Mrs. Henry Canlies, to see what

The afternoon programme opened with

"In other words, I am going to talk about

ourselves," said Mrs. Cromice. "Angels? Angels? Why, there are all kinds of angels!

However, since Eve was in the garden we

have been used to being told that we are

the angels. Women are the angels, and

when it is the other sex that gets in they

are always very small and are called cherubs

When your husband was courting, didn't

he tell you that you were an angel? They

angels." Mrs. Cromice said, and then ad-

vised the club women to make the angelic

THOS. M. MOORE DIES SUDDENLY.

Recovering From an Illness.

Moore, a well known Passaic lawver, died

home from his office. Mr. Moore was

left this evening with his wife for Michigan

Moore was dead. Heart disease is given as

the cause.

Mr. Moore was born in Newton, N. J.

only a small village, and was elected village counsel, a post which he held until after Passaic became a city. He became one of the wealthiest men of the city and leaves a number of important corporations and ranked high among the lawyers of New Helsayers a widow two sons and

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Elizabeth C. H. Hatch, the wife of Ed-

men.

James Edward Jenkins died at his home, 110 Cambridge place, Brooklyn, on Thursday. He was born in Hudson, N. Y., in 1827. He came to this city in 1850 and became a member of the firm of Grinnell, Minturn & Co. He then organized the firm of Mun and Jenkins, retiring from active business in 1896. He leaves a son.

Rufus H. Darby, president of the Darby Printing Company and for more than thirty years a prominent employing printer of Washington, died at his residence near Alex-andria, Va., yesterday, at the age of 54 years.

The Seagoers.

steamship Koenigin Luise, off to-day for

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Abbott. A. C. Dunham

Mrs. Sidney C. Eastman, Mr. and Mrs. D. E.

Gillingham, Mr. and Mrs. Hutchim Hapgood Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Knox, Mr. and Mrs. C

M. Oddle, the Rev. and Mrs. W. J. Rogers

Prof. R. A. Rice, Dr. and Mrs. W. C. Trew Major and Mrs. W. Boerum Wetmere and Mrs

Sailing to-day by the Cunarder Campania

Edward Blake, M. P.: Lady Donegat, Mr.

and Mrs. Willis T. Hanson, Newton B. Knor,

Mrs. Potter Palmer, G. W. Pearson, O. H.

Palmer, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Scott and F. C.

Aboard the American liner New York

Lieut, G. W. Denison, William Duke, Frank

B. Fawcett, W. A. Gage, Horace Inman, Arthur Orr McBirnie, H. E. Millington and

Sailing for Dover and Antwerp by the Red Star liner Finland:

Mr. and Mrs. Lionel G. Guest, Mr. and

Mrs. R. H. Wilbur, Harry W. Neeley, Arnold

Passengers by the Hamburg-American liner Prinz Adalbert, off for the Mediter-

J. W. K. Aspinall, William P. Duke, Mr.

Aboard the Hamburg-American liner

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Corse, F. W. Adrian, Jr.

MRS. MORGAN'S SCHOOL TROUBLE

Four Creditors File a Bankruptey Petition

Against Her.

A petition in bankruptcy was filed yes-terday against Mrs. Leslie Morgan, who

conducts a boarding and day school at

13 and 15 West Eighty-sixth street. Four

creditors that asked that a receiver be

appointed were represented by Miss Mary

Grace Quackenbos. It was said about

the court that this was the first instance of a woman lawyer filing a petition in the

The four creditors are Eva R. Murphy

and Mrs. M. S. Hopkins, John Loomis, G. W.

Hooker and Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Stanley.

Patricia, sailing for Dover and Hamburg:

Joseph Blank and Harry Halls.

C. Heath and Mrs. John B. Heron.

the Mediterranean:

Lefferts Vanderbilt.

Mrs. C. A. Whitney.

Van Duzer

ranean:

ceiver.

for Queenstown and Liverpool:

off to-day for Southampton:

Passengers by the North German Lloyd

a daughter.

organization.

He leaves a widow, two sons and

all do. And we believe it.

would merit their title.

"A real man would spoil the picture.

"Club women don't have time to be

a talk on "Angels," by Mrs. Frank Cromice.

who changed the title of her address to

could be done.

Angels of To-day.

MRS. YERKES ADMITS IT TOO.

ANSWERS HER HUSBAND'S COO TO SAY SHE'S MARRIED.

Appears, a Married Juliet, on the Balcony of Her Home to Call Down to the Reporters That She Really Is a Bride -Just a Misunderstanding, She Explains

Mrs. Mary Adelaide Yerkes-Mizner owned up yesterday. Yodled to on the white marble balcony of her house at 864 Fifth avenue by young Wilson Mizner of California, Alaska and elsewhere, she admitted she had fibbed from dread of premature and unpleasant publicity.

The tail bridegroom who had invited a flock of reporters in to see the finish bowed triumphantly, the bride retired with a swish of silk skirts, the frosty faced butler opened the bronze doors, the reporters cheered mildly and went away.

Mr. Mizner at the Hotel Astor late on Thursday night predicted that the comedy would play itself out to-day, the heroine would appear for a curtain speech, he would move from the hotel to the Fifth avenue mansion and all would be well. So it fell out, incident following incident and the climax capping the whole with due regard for dramatic unities.

Mizner got into his olive green spats his stock, his tweeds and all at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. He came from room 533 at the Hotel Astor and ran into half the reporters of Manhattan. Guests of the hotel who hadn't followed the progress of the play wondered what was doing and questioned the clerks, who replied in monoevllables and unconvincingly. Mr. Mizner, who is always a cheerful sort of person, radiated even more cheerfulness. He drew himself up to the full height of his 6 feet 4 inches, stuck out his chin and remarked that he was going home.

"And where is your home?" asked a very young reporter.

"Now," replied Mr. Mizner, "it will be right here in little old New York, and don't you forget it. My address will be 864 Fifth avenue, where I shall always be glad to see my friends, as will Mrs. Mizner, I am sure.

He called for "Tom." and the little valet came running to his master. "See if my electric hansom is at the door,

Tom," said the man who was going away "It waits without," said the valet, bowing

"Without what?" said Mizner. "That's a good old joke, eh, boys? However, I am going up to see Mrs. Mizner. If you want to come up to the house I am sure there will be something interesting for you. Mrs. Mizner, I feel quite certain, will positively confirm the marriage."

He strode out of the lobby trailed by the reporters and hopped into his hansom. The reporters followed in such conveyances as appealed to their pocketbooks. Some persons along Fifth avenue who observed the procession of vehicles and caught glimpses of panting, red faced young men hurrying after afoot were curious to know In front of the Verkes mansion at 864

Fifth avenue there were more reporters. The newcomers piled out of their rigs and banked up around the bridegroom, who towered above them. "I am going in to see my wife," said

young Mizner. "You'll hear something in fifteen minutes. That's on the square. You can take it from me.

He ran up the steps, the butler hastily opened the door, regarded the bunch on the sidewalk with an unseeing eve and banged the door shut. For a full quarter of an hour no sign came from the house. Then the butler appeared, wigwagging the signal to advance in good order. The re-porters moved forward in double file, up the steps, into the hall and to the Japan

room on the right. Mizner came into the Japanese room a minute or two later smiling at a little ugly god which had been making faces at the reporters from a stand of lacquer work.

"Mrs. Yerkes--" He caught himself. "Mrs. Mizner." he said, "doesn't exactly care to make a formal statement about our marriage, but she does want to let all her friends know that the marriage took place just as I have said.

"You see, we had intended to keep the whole thing quiet for a while, but somebody went and told, and I thought best to tell the truth to the newspapers. That's a pretty good thing to do. I have found out. What Mrs. Mizner said was said with the best of intentions, to carry out our previous agreement that the marriage would be kept secret for a time.

"Now, fellows, just step this way and Mrs. Yerkes herself will appear and confirm the marriage. She hasn't been well in the last two days and she is hardly dressed for receiving visitors, but she will show herself on the balcony."

Mizner led the way out into the big hall which is adorned with busts of Roman emperors and marble statues of nymphs, paintings and rare tapestries. In the centre of the glass domed court he brought the flock to a stand. A big clock ticked off a dozen slow minutes before Mizner stirred himself and looked inquiringly toward the balcony.

'The ladies," ventured an aged reporter, 'are always late."

"Ah, yes," said the bridegroom, happily He looked upward again and gave utterance to pleasing sounds, such as birds use to call one another at dusk. They couldn't exactly be described at a "coo-coo-coo," or as a "OO-oo-oo-oo," or even as a "yolee-yo-lo," but they were soft and affectionate and yearning. They floated over the heads of the stern old Romans, passed

through the paims and rolled gently above. There came then a rustle. Mrs. Mizner appeared smilingly on the marble balcony above the reporters. She wore a pink house gown, brocaded in silver. She did not look more than forty years.

"Yes, dear," she said, looking down at Mizner. "Here I am. I hardly know what I can say to your friends, only I do hope they won't say that I am 80 years old." "The very idea," said one of the re-

porters. "No man could tell the truth and put your age at more than 30," said another. a position beside a statue of Vanity.

Mrs. Mizner smiled some more and took "I don't like to greet Mr. Mizner's friends in this dress," she said, "but I have not been well, and I've just got out of bed."

"We don't want to bother you," teered one of the bunch, "but Mr. Mizner wanted us to get confirmation from you of the marriage. We would like to have you straighten out the misunderstanding." Mrs. Mizner caught at the word. "That's t," she said. "It was a distinct misunderstanding. That is a pleasant way of putting

"I haven't any statement to make, gentlemen. It is hardly necessary. I am married, just as Mr. Mizner says, and I'm glad of it. I did want to wait until the fact had been formally registered, and there were some things that seemed to me to make it advisable that the marriage be kept secret. The news got out sooner than I expected;

and I thought it best to deny it because I didn't want unpleasant publicity. Here in my home, where I am secluded, I didn't know the good authority the newspapers had for making the statements they did. "I hope you will all get married, too, if

you are not already." She bowed and withdrew, but Mizner had a few things more to say.
"I am going to live right here," he said.

I am in perfect sympathy with all of Mrs. Mizner's philanthropic plans and I will assist her to carry them out." "How about the young woman in Denver who is said to be contemplating a breach

of promise of marriage suit against you? somebody asked. "That's a blamed lie," said Mizner. bet \$20,000 that the young lady herself never made any such statement to anybody. Some papers are doing their best to rake up a scandal, but I'll give \$20,000 if anybody

can produce a signed substantiated state-

ment from the young woman or any other

woman that I broke a promise to marry "I don't care a damn so far as I am concerned; but the story is hurting one of the nicest girls that ever was. She is a good friend of mine, and I have known the Crater

family in Denver for years.' Migner had this to say about Chicago relatives and friends who have said the

story of the marriage was part of a plot: "I suppose some of Mrs. Mizner's relatives are sore, but you can bet your last dollar Mrs. Mizner is happy. The only reason she

denied the story was that she didn't realize

how fully the truth had got out." Mizner said very positively that he hadn't been asked to leave the Hotel Astor, and Proprietor Muschenheim agreed with him.

The Rev. Andrew Gillies, pastor of St. Andrew's Methodist Episcopal Church, who married Mizner and Mrs. Yerkes last Tuesday night, filed the record of marriage with the Board of Health vesterday. Mr. Gillies had this to say: There is one phase of the marriage that

I wish to enlighten the public about, in view of the fact that it has been insinuated in certain quarters that the ceremony was the result of a plot. I have been a minister for ten years and I would not take part in any ceremony that was not entirely regular. It is absurd to say that either of the contracting parties was in no condition to know what was taking place. It was upon the recommendation of Frank K. Waller, a confidential employee for many years of Charles T. Yerkes, that I performed the ceremony."

BROOKLYN BAR'S LIVELY TIME. "Citizens' Union" Ticket Is Beaten at the

Association's Annual Meeting. The annual meeting of the Brooklyn Bar Association held in Part VI. of the Supreme Court in the Kings County Court House last evening was the most spirited ever held by that association. The election resulted in the complete defeat of the ticket known as the Citizens' Union ticket because Frank Harvey Field and former Borough President J. Edward Swanstrom were on it. Mr. Field and Mr. Swanstrom in campaigning in the interest of their ticket brought into discussion the fact that there are several Supreme Court Justices to be nominated in the Second Department and that the election might have a bearing upon the nominations for these judgeships. The lawvers interested in the election of the regular ticket denied that any powerful or political considerations had entered into its makeup.

or pointeal considerations had entered into its makeup.

Each ticket contained thirteen names. James D. Bell, Alfred J. Hook, ex-Judge George G. Reynolds, the dean of the Brooklun bar, who is 82 years old; Henry C. M. Ingraham, Albert G. McDonald, Robert H. Elder and Henry S. Rasquin were on both tickets. The regular ticket also had William B. Hurd, Jr., William J. Carr, David F. Manning, Moses J. Harris, Rufus L. Scott and John P. Judge. The opposition ticket contained the names of William S. Cogswell, George W. Wingate, J. Edward Swanstrom, Herman H. Baker, Hermann B. Hubbard and Frank Harvey Field.
This was the ticket elected with the votes each candidate received: Col. James D.

each candidate received: Col. James D. Bell, 127; Alfred J. Hook, 126; Ex-Judge George G. Reynolds, 125; Henry C. M. Ingraham, 118; Albert G. McDonald, 118; Assistant District Attorney Polyant H. Filder Assistant District Attorney Robert H. Elder Assistant District Actoring Assistant J. 117; William A. Hurd, Jr., 93; William J. Carr, 87; David F. Manning, 84; Rufus L. Scott, 74; John P. Judge, 71; Henry S. Rasquin, 70, and Moses J. Harris, 68.

The election of officers of the association was put over to Friday next. It is probable that Albert G. McDonald will be elected

MINER'S DECIDE TO STRIKE.

Break Off Negotiations and Order Assess

ments for Strike Fund. INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 2.- The joint conference of soft coal miners and operators has failed to reach an agreement, and the country faces the greatest mine strike in history. There is a probability, of course, that cooler counsel may prevail between this and April 1, but the temper of the mipers indicates a determiner. miners indicates a determination not to

work for the present wages.

The miners' conference this afternoon was a scene of wild uproar, and it looked as if Patrick Nolan, president of the western listrict of Pennsylvania, would be assaulted district of Pennsylvania, would be assauted. His was the only voice in favor of peace. The miners' convention later discussed the strike and gave power to act in all matters to the executive board. It is proposed to raise the strike assessment to the limit, and \$1 per week will be collected to the strike assessment to the limit, and \$1 per week will be collected. from each member till April 1, when the strike will be inaugurated. The miners' leaders say they will have more than \$3,-000,000 in the national treasury by April 1. in the district treasuries that can be mad available.

Immediately following and partially due to the storm which was moving out the St. Lawrence Valley yesterday a cold wave set in over the morthern and middle sections of the country from

the Mississippi Valley eastward.

Its principal factor was a strong high pressure area central in the Upper Mississippi Valley. The most acute declines of temperature were feit in the Upper Mississippi Valley, Lake regions, Ohlo and Tennessee valleys and North Atlantic States.

The lowest temperature was 10 degrees below zero at Duluth, Minn., zero weather covered most Northern points from the Upper Mississippl eastward to western New York and freezing weathe extended to the northern portions of the Gulf

Barring light snowfalls in the Lake regions the weather over the entire country was fair.

In this city the day was fair and colder; wind brisk to high northwest; average humidity, 47 per cent.: barometer, corrected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M., 30.02; 3 P. M., 30.14. The temperature yesterday as recorded by the official thermometer is shown in the annexed table:

9 A. M. 15° 1906. 12 M. . 16° 17° 6 P. M. . 14° 12 M. . 16° 17° 6 P. M. . 10° 8 P. M. . 17° 17° 12 Mtd . . 10° The lowest temperature, 9°, at 9:45 P. M.

WASHINGTON PORECAST FOR TO DAY AND TO MORROW For eastern New York, fatr and continued cold o day, though not quite so cold in west portion; fair and warmer to morrow; fresh northwest winds, be coming variable.

For the District of Columbia, Maryland, Virginia, Delaware and New Jersey, fair and continued cold to-day; fair and warmer to-morrow; light to fresh northwest winds, becoming variable to-morrow. For eastern Pennsylvania, fair to-day and not quite so cold in north and west portions; fair and warmer to morrow; light to fresh northwest winds,

coming variable. For New England, fair and continued cold to day: fair and warmer to morrow; fresh northwest winds, pecoming variable.

For western New York, snow flurries to day,

with rising temperature, except fair in southeast ortion; fair and warmer to morrow; variable winds, becoming southeasterly and fresh.

For western Pennsylvania, fair to-day and toorrow, with rising temperature, except snow flurries to-day near Lake Erie; variable winds, becoming southeasterly and fresh,

HELPLESS RUSSIANS SLAIN.

TROOPS SENT ALONG RAILWAY MURDER FORMER STRIKERS.

Twenty-seven Arrested in One District and shot Without Inquiry-Col. Riemann Charged With Acts of Extreme Cruelty Police Aid Mob in Rioting at Gomel.

Special Cable Desputch to THE SUN. St. Petersburg, Feb. 2.—Lieut.-Col. Sergueieff, writing from Colomna, near Moscow, furnishes details of the ruthless slaughter by Government troops along the railways recently. He cites the case of a battalion of the Semenofsky regiment. under Col. Riemann, which was sent along the Moscow-Kazan Railway to deal with

He says that when the troops reached the station of Golutvin, Col. Riemann, with two officers named Sievers and Stietz, left the train with a company of men.

The Colonel ordered the station staff to quit the platform and assemble in the waiting room, where they were searched. A revolver was found in the pocket of an engineer named Kharlamoff, whereupon he was immediately shot by Riemann himself.

A local reservist non-commissioned offi-

cer, while attempting to leave the waiting

room, was shot dead by Riemann's hand.

Among the others in the waiting room was a man named Patapoff, who had with him his son, 10 years old, who was found to be carrying a book that contained a forbidden song. Riemann fiercely flogged the father. He then seized the chief railway employee and demanded of him the names of all members of the strike committee. The man was told that he had twenty minutes in which to obey and that if he then refused to give the names he would be shot immediately. He protested that there had been no local strike committee. An order came from Moscow condemning him to be shot. He was taken out to be killed, but as the man evidently was

speaking the truth he was let go eventually. In a police list of eighteen villagers, only two were found to be armed with revolvers: but all were arrested. Nine others were collected in a similar way from the neighborhood. No charge was made against them, nor was any inquiry held, but all of the twenty-seven were shot the same day.

Sergueieff, whose letter, the Russ states, has been confirmed by inquiries in the district, concludes with the observation that Col. Riemann's actions were in no way a victory over the internal enemy, but were simply the murder of quiet, defenceless persons.

From other provinces come personal narratives which go to show that the kind of peace that has been restored, as a condition precedent to the promised reforms, is the kind that Col. Riemann established along the Moscow-Kazan rail-

Accounts declaring that the police fomented the destruction of business quarters in the town of Gomel, sent here by eyewitnesses, say that the riots began on the afternoon of January 26 in Roumanskaia street. where are the largest shops.

In half an hour incendiarism was rampant and plunder and shooting were going on in all directions. Cossacks, dragoons and rowdies, under the direction of the Chief of Police, looted everywhere, filled their pockets with money and poured petroleum over the shops and set them on fire. Bystanders who tried to protect property were shot down and the firemen were not allowed to extinguish the flames.

The inhabitants, who were largely Jews, fled outside the town. Several streets are wholly ruined. Two banks, the Mutual Credit and the North Bank were burned to the ground. The outbuildings of the hospitals are filled with dead. Many died under the flogging by the police.

A delegation of leading Jewish merchants from Kieff recently interviewed Count Witte on the condition of their community. He advised them to trust in God. He warned them that the Jews could expect nothing at the hands of the National Assembly.

LORD MASHAM, INVENTOR, DEAD. Spent Millions Perfecting His Ideas and Finally Won a Fortune.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN London, Feb. 2.-Samuel Cunliffe-Lister. Lord Masham, died to-day. He was one of the most remarkable men of his generation. By his inventiveness he created at least three new industries-wool combing by machinery, the manufacture of velvet by power loom and the weaving of plush.

He was also the inventor of a compressed air brake for railways. In working out his ideas for the machinery he invented he spent \$3,000,000, and twice was nearly ruined by the enormous drain upon his resources. In the end he reaped a colossal fortune. There was one period of his career in which he spent \$5,000 a day in working out his projects. He was 81 years old.

JAP CRITICISM EXPLAINED. Terauchi Didn't Make Positive Assertion

About British Army Changes. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

Tokto, Feb. 2.—The news agency despatch which made M. Oishi ask Minister of War Terauchi in the Diet whether Japan intended to urge Great Britain to reform her army organization and made Gen. Terauchi reply that it would do so at some future date misrepresented the incident.

To the Opposition's interpellation as to the necessity of suggesting to Great Britain the strengthening of her Indian army. Terauchi replied diplomatically that such a necessity might possibly arise.

ITALIAN CABINET QUITS.

Premier Fortis Announces the Action to

the King. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN ROME, Feb. 2.—Premier Alessandro Fortis announced to the King to-day the resignation of the Ministry, which was defeated yesterday on a vote of confidence. The King is reserving his decision.

Immense Cotton Fire Loss in Cairo.

Special Cable Desputch to THE SUN. CAIRO. Feb. 2.—One-half of the cotton press belonging to the Pressage Company was destroyed by fire to-day. The loss is estimated at £80,000 Turkish.

Coffee hinders digestion POSTUM

FOOD COFFEE will repair the damage and keep

you well.

Prove by 10 days' trial.

WE WOMEN ARE THE ANGELS. MRS. POILLON FOOLS LAWYER. Mrs. Cromice Quotes Men to Fellow Club-

> VAIN SEARCH FORWHEREWITHAL TO PAY \$800 DEBT.

Some People Still Think I'm Honest," She Said When Asked How She Paid Hotel Bills-Deep Thinking and Sister Char lotte Too Much for the Questioner

The examination in supplementary proceedings of Katherine Poillon, who came into the limelight for a brief period last spring by suing W. Gould Brokaw for \$250 .-000 damages for breach of promise, was continued in the City Court yesterday afternoon. The Brokaw suit was settled for \$30,000, it is said, and it was to find out what had become of the money that the present proceedings were brought by a Sixth avenue dry goods firm which holds a judgment of \$800 against the young widow. The examination was conducted by

Charles M. Rosenthal of the law firm of Goldsmith & Rosenthal, and so exasperated did he become at the manner in which the woman dodged and eyaded his questions that he hailed her three times before Justice Seabury to compel her to answer. Each time she was directed by the court to give a categorical answer, but that made no difference in the result.

When the examination was adjourned at o'clock the lawyer knew practically no more about Mrs. Poillon's financial resource than when he began to question her. Mrs Poillon had no counsel other than her sister Charlotte, who sat at her elbow taking notes on the questions in long hand and advising her as to her answers.

The defendant wore a full length Persian lamb clock lined with embossed satin and men do all the angelic housework so they a black hat into which was stuck a bunch of light colored feathers. Her gown was of black silk and her gloves reached to her elbows. She seemed to get a lot of fun out of the proceedings, even if the lawyer didn't. Heart Disease Kills Passale Lawyer-Was She said she had been ill since the last

session on Tuesday, but she did not look PASSAIC, N. J., Feb. 2.-Thomas Marty it. On that day she testified that she was stopping at the Fifth Avenue Hotel on the suddenly this evening while on the way European plan. The questions about the settlement of the Brokaw suit were repeated recovering from an illness and was to have to her vesterday, but she declared that her memory was exceedingly poor about the details of the matter. Mr. Rosenthal kept firing questions at her and demanding to regain his health. At 6 o'clock he entered the coal office of Campbell Morrell & Co., and dropping into a chair, leaned back as if to rest. The bookkeeper noticed that he appeared ill and hastened to his side. Before medical aid could be summoned Mr. categorical answers.

"You can't hurry me," said the witness, tartly. "I'll take all the time I want to

Sister Charlotte looked at her approvingly.
"Did you receive a settlement?" persisted

in 1845. He was admitted to the bar in 1869 and came to Passaic in 1872. He was the first lawyer to settle in the town, then "Did you or did you not?"
"I find my memory exceedingly poor on
that subject to-day," repeated the witness,
sweetly. "Really, I don't believe I can
answer that question."
Then the lawyer marched her before
Justice Seabury. After the Court had di-

rected her to answer the examination was resumed. Q. Did you get a settlement? A. What do you mean by that—directly from him?

Q. Directly or indirectly. A. I am trying to think.

Q. Can't you answer yes or no? A. 1 am still thinking—deeply thinking.
Q. Was the case settled? A. My relations with the Brokaw family ended in the latter part of May.

Albert Remick, a stockholder and well known salesman of the house of Tiffany & Co., died at his residence, 20 Fifth avenue, vesterday morning. Mr. Remick was born at Portsmouth N. H., in 1834. He was formerly in business in Baltimore, and after the close of the civil war came to New York and went with Tiffany & Co., having for the last thirty years charge of their watch department. He was a member of the Union League Club, and for many years identified with the First Presbyterian. Church, Fifth avenue and Eleventh street. He leaves a widow.

Mr. Frederick Hughson died on February 1 at his residence in Fishkill, in the eighty-sixth year of his age, leaving a widow and one daughter. He was born in Dutchess county and was graduated from Columbia College in 1839. He was admitted to the New York Savings Bank in 1864, and counsel in 1867; was made treasurer in 1883 and president in 1893, which position he held until his advancing years caused his retirement, but he time of his death. Mr. Rosenthal wrote that down on a piece of paper and then said:

"The case was settled in the latter part of May?"
"See here, now that wasn't her answer
"See here, now that wasn't her answer at all," put in Sister Charlotte sharply. Then there was a wrangle. When it was over the examiner asked the defendant if Abe Gruber's law firm still had any money

ment.

"To me at the present time?" she replied.

"Go on, Mrs. Poillon, answer," said the lawyer impatiently.

"No, Mrs. Poillon won't go on until she thinks," said she dreamily. "Repeat the

longing to her as a result of the settle-

Q. Well, have you thought? A. I suppose you mean cash? cash. A. Well, you see if I say 'yes," that is a positive answer and if I say 'no" that is a positive answer, too. Q. That is quite right. If you don't know

Mrs. Elizabeth C. H. Hatch, the wife of Edward P. Hatch, senior member of the dry goods house of Lord & Taylor, died early yesterday morning at her home, 1033 Fifth avenue, after an illness of eighteen months. Mrs. Hatch was the daughter of Robert C. and Mary Height and was born in Monmouth county. N. J. She was active in working for the poor and destitute, though she never identified herself with any particular charity organization. say so. A. I am thinking. At this point Sister Charlotte came to the organization.

Coroner Moses Crist died at his home in Middletown, N. Y. yesterday, Mr. Crist was active and untiring in his efforts to clear up the Onley murder mystery, and the failure of the authorities to apprehend the murderer worried him and aggravated a heart affection. Coroner Crist was a veteran of the civil war, being an officer of Company E, 124th Regiment (Orange Blossoms). He was one of Middletown's oldest and most prominent business men. At this point sister charicate came to the front again. She does not wear as fine clothes as Katherine, but she seems to be quite as nimble witted. "Maybe you can think of it later," she ventured.
"Oh, no," sighed Katherine, "I would rather answer it now." But she didn't, and the lawyer took another tack.

Q. What are your sources of income? have no sources of income. I have answered that question, but I consider it immaterial and irrelevant and immaterial.

O. How do you live? A. I don't live; I only exist. Q. Are you still stopping at the Fifth Avenue Hotel? A. I am.

Q. How much rent do you pay? A. Not Q. How do you expect to pay your board there? A. I don't board there. Q. How do you expect to pay your room rent; or do you expect somebody to pay it

for you?

The defendant's eyes flashed and Sister Charlotte squared her broad shoulders.

"Now, you just wait a moment," said Mrs. Poillon. "Your questions are very insult-Then she went into a thought trance again and upon emerging said with no apparent reference to the matter under discussion:

"There are some people who still believe

"How much did the coat you are wearing cost?" was the next question.
"Better ask her if it belongs to her,"

"Better ask her in the belongs to her, snapped Sister Charlotte.
"Does it belong to you?" persisted the lawyer for the defendant.
There was a long pause.
"Must you think before answering that?"

cried the lawyer, whose patience seemed to be sorely tried.
"No, I was just thinking how if you took it away from me I would catch cold and be Q. Oh, then the coat does belong to you' . No, 1 did not say that. Q. Well, is the coat yours? A. This one?

fondling the garment). Well, you see circumstances alter cases. Q. Can't you tell whether you own the coat or not? A. That is just it. I do and I don't. Circumstances, as I said, after cases "If we are to go on like this we might as well quit and I will submit all these questions to the court," thundered the

"But you can't say I refused to answer," said the witness, with her most engaging smile. "Why, you don't give me time to answer. There was another trip to Justice Seabury's chamber, after which the lawyer began to question her about her jewelry. Q. What did you do with the diamond ring you were last year? Is it pawned? A.

Q. Have you got the ticket? A. I didn't ay it was pawned now. Q. Have you a policy of insurance on your Even if I did you couldn't get i ntil after I was dead, could you? Anyway ife insurance policies are rather doubtful property these days.

has been pawned a dozen times.

Q. Do you pay the premiums yourself?
. I do not. There, I answered that question, didn't 1? Q. Well, who does pay the premiums? Not any one Q. Then you have no life insurance? A have not.

Q. Why did you not give that answer who says there is \$265 salary coming to her as a teacher; Helen Fowler Cross, who wants \$37 for literary work; the Churchman Publishing Company, \$55 for advertising, and the American Lee Company, \$145 for he first place? A. Because I did not want to. There were some more questions about which the defendant had a poor memory which the defendant had a poor memory, and for the third time the lawyer conducted her before Justice Seabury. As usual she was directed to answer, but the examination was adjourned before the questions were Judge Holt of the United States District appointed Elbert B. Hamlin re**SALE of USED PIANOLAS**

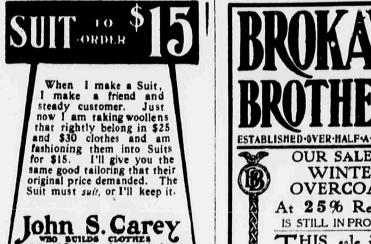
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FEAR WEST INDIAN UPHEAVAL

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BROKEN CABLES MAY MEAN VOL-CANIC ERUPTIONS.

Panama Heard From, but Hasn't Been Able to Get in Touch With Coasts Where Tidal Waves Were Reported-Cables Falled at Time of Martinique Disaster

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUS PANAMA, Feb. 2.- The reports regarding a tidal wave at Buenaventura have not een confirmed, owing to the fact that cable communication with that place is still interrupted. It is possible that a submarine volcano or a wave created by an earthquake may have caused serious disturbances at Buenaventura, Tumaco and the smaller ports, judging from the phenomenally rapid tide movements here re-

Capt. Holroyd, of the English steamer Quito, which left this morning for Guayaquil and other ports, was ordered to keep well off the coast and to maintain a strict watch for unusual changes and to report from Buenaventura on Sunday:

Practically all the West Indies are cut off from cable communication with the rest of the world. A break occurred in the West India and Panama Telegraph Company's ine somewhere between Jamaica and Porto Rico on Thursday. Since then the Wes_ ern Union hasn't been able to reach Porto Rico, St. Thomas, Santa Cruz, St. Kitts, St. Croix, Barbados, Trinidad, British Guiana and other stations on the West Indian line. The cable company has located the break pretty closely and it is expected that the line will be repaired without de-

Under ordinary circumstances the Western Union would be able to reach the West Indies on the line running from England to Brazil, but there is also a break in a vital ink of this line between Para and Cayenne. This break occurred some time ago.

One of the French Telegraph Cable Comany's lines is also out off somewhere beween Puerto Plata and Martinique. There has been a break in this line for several months. Owing to the trouble between Venezuela and France, the French Cable Company also has suffered an interruption

on its Santo Domingo line at Curaçoa. The break in the connection with Panama s not so serious, as the Western Union is able to reach there by way of the Central and South American Company's line along the Pacific coast.

About the time of the terrible volcanic eruptions in Martinique and St. Vincent. three years ago, there were breaks in the cables between Martinique and Dominica and between Martinique and St. Lucia. The telegraph companies were not able to explain the recent breaks, but they don't believe that the interruptions presage any volcanie upheavals.

Big Shipyard for Germany.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. BERLIN, Feb. 2 .- It is stated that a great shipbuilding yard will be established at Lubeck soon to construct liners and possibly warships for the Government. Big financial interests are back of the enter-

Jemima Luke, Hymn Writer, Dead.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Feb. 2 .- Jemima Luke, author of the children's hymn "I Think When I Read That Sweet Story of Old," died to-day at Newport, Isle of Wight.

Chinese Emperor's Reception. Special Cable Despitch to THE SUN.

PERIN. Feb. 2 .- The Emperor gave the usual New Year audience to the members of the Diplomatic Corps this morning.

PACKERS WIN STRONG POINT.

Court Admits Evidence of Garfield's Prom ise of Immunity. CHICAGO, Feb. 2.-That Commissioner

Garfield was the direct representative of the President in the investigation of the packing industry, that both Mr. Garfield and the President had agreed that the information to be obtained by the method outlined should be treated in confidence and that the Bureau of Corporations was not to be used as a secret service adjunct to the Department of Justice was the representation made by Mr. Garfield to Jesse P. Lyman, then president of the National Packing Company and now head of the American Glue Company

Mr. Lyman made this specific declaration on the witness stand in the trial of the packers on the immunity plea to-day District Attorney Morrison fought de perately to prevent this evidence going the jury, but Judge Humphrey not o permitted the testimony but ruled that any one with whom Garfield had talked regarding his investigation could be placed

on the stand. In answer to a question, Mr. Lyman said "Garfield said he could appreciate there would be some hesitancy on our part, but that we were protected, not only under the law, but would be protected by the Administration at Washington: that he was the direct representative of the President; that they were in accord on the matter, that they had talked it over and had agreed that the information obtained should be treated in confidence, and while he remained as Comnoe, and while he remained as Com-

ESTABLISHED-OVER-HALF-A-CENTURY OUR SALE OF WINTER **OVERCOATS** At 25% Reduction IS STILL IN PROGRESS. THIS sale includes

our entire stock of winter weights in Sack. Paletot, Surtout, Paddock and Ulster styles. Cut and fabrics are of the latest style. All sizes for Men, Young Men and Boys, including stout sizes up to 56 inches chest.

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missioner of Corporations that he would not permit his department to be used to aid the secret service or the Department of Jusice. He said his department would be conducted and handled along dignified lines."

lines."

Mr. Lyman explained in detail the method

Mr. Lyman explained in detail the said he suggested by Mr. Garfield. He said he understood that the Commissioner was compelling the information.

compelling the information.

"Did he say to you then just how this information would be treated?" asked Attorney Miller.

"He said it would all be treated as confidential and would not be made use of in any way that would injure the parties giving it." The witness stated that he sought legal

The witness stated that he sought legal advice and had followed it. Mr. Lyman then stated that Mr. Durand called on him later and identified himself as Mr. Garfield's authorized agent. Mr. Lyman said he informed Mr. Durand that directions had been given to the officials of the subsidiary companies to yield the information required quired George West's Will Admitted to Probate. BALLSTON, N. Y., Feb. 2.- The will of the late George West, who left \$1,000,000, was admitted to probate to-day. After two bequests of \$5,000 each to nieces the balance of the estate goes to his wife and three

sons. The wife receives an income of

\$10,000 annually. The sons receive the interest of their share until they are 85

years of age, when the principal goes to

SAVED BABY LYON'S LIFE"-

Untold Suffering and Constant Misery-Awful Sight From that Dreadful Complaint, Infantile Eczema - Commenced at Top of his Head and Covered Entire Body.

MOTHER PRAISES CUTICURA REMEDIES

Our haby had that dreadful complaint, Infantile Eczema, which afflicted him for several months, commencing at the top of his head, and at last covering hole body. His sufferings were untold and constant misery, in fact, there was nothing we would not have done to have given him relief. The family doctor seemed to be wholly incapable of coping with the case, and after various experiments of his, which resulted in no benefit to the child, we sent to Mazon, Ill., to a druggist and got a full set of the Cuticura Remedies and applied as per directions, and he began to improve immediately, and in about three or four days began to show a brighter spirit and really laughed, for the first time in a year. In about ninety days he was fully recovered, with the exception of a rough skin, which is gradually disappearing, and eventually will be replaced by a healthy one.

"Praise for the Cuticura Remedies has always been our greatest pleasure, and there is nothing too good that we could say in their favor, for they certainly saved our baby's life, for he was the most awful sight that I ever beheld, prior to the treatment of the Cuticura Remedies. Mrs. Maebelle Lyon, 1826 Appleton Ave., Parsons, Kan., July 18,

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Cuticura Soap, Cintment, and Pills are sold througher the world. Potter Drug a Chem. Corp., Sola Props., Boxes Sain Book."